

TRANSFORMING YOUNG LIVES AND CREATING SAFER COMMUNITIES

Outcome Evaluation

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What We've Learned So Far

#1 Defining a program and what works

- Program theory
- Effective approaches

#2 Risk, Needs, Responsivity, Target Population

- Risk-needs-responsivity model
- Identifying the target population

#3 Problem Statement, Goal, Outcomes

- Using data to identify problems
- Defining "SMART" Outcomes

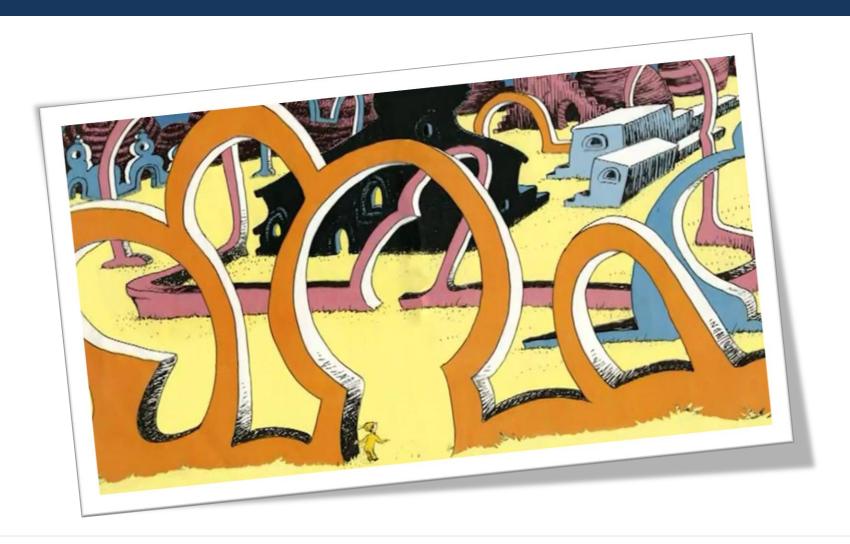
#4 Activities, Program Fidelity, Outputs

- Activities measured by outputs
- Fidelity contributes to success

#5 Process Evaluation

- Program Implementation
- Identify why a program succeeds or fails

Oh the Places You'll Go!



Why Outcome Evaluation?

- What works
- What does not work
- Efficient use of resources
- Share the knowledge

Definitions

Outcome

The indicator or measure of goal achievement.

Outcome Evaluation

Assessment of a program's effect on the condition intended to produce change.

<u>Problem Statement</u>: Youth on probation supervision have a violent re-offense rate of 30% demonstrating a need for a cognitive behavioral intervention program that addresses youth who experience difficulties with interpersonal relationships and prosocial behavior

Goal: To reduce recidivism by modifying the anti-social behavior of chronically aggressive youth through skill streaming, anger control and moral reasoning training

Target Population:	Resources:	Activities:	Outputs:	Outcomes:
Ages 12-17Youth on probation	 ART-trained group facilitators Assessment personnel 	30 one-hour program sessions delivered 3 times per week over 10 weeks (1 hr. per component)	Participants will attend at least # of the 30 program sessions	At least XX% of participants will abstain from recidivating within 18 months of the date of program completion
 Identified as chronically aggressive through relevant assessments 	(e.g. trained probation officers or case managers)Program materials	 10 one-hour sessions, delivered 1 time per week over 10 weeks on Structured Learning Training: o Modeling o Role playing 	# of Structured Learning Trainings given and attendance rate	 At least XX% of participants will have significant improvements in parent- and teacher-reported scores on
 Identified as accepting of anti-social behavior through relevant assessments 	• Space for groups of 8-12 youth to meet	Performance feedback Transfer training	4 of Anger Control Trainings	the Social Skills Rating System (SSRS) At least XX% of participants will have significant.
	Evaluation checklistBudget	10 one-hour sessions, delivered 1 time per week over 10 weeks on Anger Control Training:	# of Anger Control Trainings given and attendance rate	will have significant improvements on parent- reported scores on the Child and Adolescent Disruptive Behavior Inventory 2.3 (CADBI) At least XX% of participants will report significant improvement on the HIT
		10 one-hour sessions, delivered 1 time per week over 10 weeks on Moral Reasoning:	# of Moral Reasoning sessions given and attendance rate	instrument

Date Created/Modified:

SMART Outcomes

Specific

Measurable

Achievable

Realistic

Time Specific



Short- and Medium-Term Outcomes

Short-Term

Successful program completion

Medium-Term

Reduction
 in school
 disciplinary
 referrals

- Immediate Outcomes
- Program Impact
- Informative

Easier to Measure

Long-Term Outcomes

Long-Term

• Recidivism

- Difficult to measure
- Practical Importance

Be Informed

Existing Programs

Existing Evaluations

Related Topics

Underlying Theories

Considerations

Purpose

Stakeholders

Expectations

Outcome Evaluation Matrix

Program Name: Aggression Replacement Training

Outcome Evaluation Begin

Date: 9/1/2017

Outcome Evaluation End Date:

Evaluation Team Memebers: Cyndy

Glenn Jocelyn

	Outcome #1	Outcome #2	Outcome #3	Outcome #4	
Evaluation Process Component	At least XX% of participants will abstain from recidivating within 18 months of the date of program completion	At least XX% of participants will have significant improvements in parent- and teacher-reported scores on the Social Skills Rating	At least XX% of participants will have significant improvements	At least XX% of participants will report	
Assigned Evaluator(s) (Who)	Cyndy	Glenn	Jocelyn	Jocelyn	
Date Source(s) (What)	TJJD Program Recidivism	Pre- and Post-Test	Pre- and Post-Test	Pre- and Post-Test	
		Pre- and Post-Test	Pre- and Post-Test	Pre- and Post-Test	
Methodology (How)	TJJD Program Recidivism	Measure	Measure	Measure	
Evaluation Timeline (When)	5/15/2019	11/15/2017	11/15/2017	11/15/2017	

^{*}Program Cohort End Date - 10/1/17

Methodology

- Sample Size
- Comparison Group
- Matching
- Standardize measurement
 - Replicable
 - Valid
- Measurement Tools

Measurements

- Measurements often describe change or comparison
 - Youth in program recidivated less than youth not in program
 - Youth in program received fewer school disciplinary referrals than youth not in program
 - Youth self-reported a decrease in adherence to antisocial attitudes compared to when they began the program

Measurement Tools

Observations

Interviews

Questionnaires

Standardized Tests

Records

Historical Data

Measurement Tools

Observations

Observing activity with minimal or no interference.

Interviews

Face to face conversations designed to gather information.

Questionnaires

Collection of written questions intended to gather data.

Measurement Tools

Standardized Tests

Tests that ask the same questions of all participants and are scored the same way.

Records

Electronic or paper documents.

Historical Data

Data or analysis already gathered.

Pre-Test Post-Test Measure

Program Name: ART - Social Skills Rating System

Evaluator(s) Name: Glenn

PID	Last Name	First Name	Program (or test)	Cohort	Pre-Test	Post-Test	Change	Direction
1234567	Test	Johnny			40	35	-5	Decrease
7654321	Smith	Jane			35	20	-15	Decrease
6359001	Johnson	Lance			45	50	5	Increase
9512863	Pavarotti	Katie			73	73	0	Increase
5692823	Jackson	Kling			59	63	4	Increase

Perceived Outcomes

Perceived outcomes are helpful before outcome data are available

- Ask participants:
 - How the program affected their behavior
 - Challenges they experienced with program participation
 - Challenges they experienced to program success

Additional Resources

Program*	N	Re Offend in One Year	1 yr Re-Offense Rate**	Average # of Prior Referrals	Prior Violent/Assaultive Referral	Prior VOP	Majority Offense Type***
Program Name	Cohort Total	#Reoffending within one year	% Re-offending	Cohort average prior referrals	lviolent or	% with prior VOP	Cohort majority offense type

Program*	N	1 yr Re-Offense Assaultive	1 yr Re-Offense Drug	1 yr Re-Offense Property	1 yr Re-Offense Other**
Program Name	Cohort	with assaultive	with drug-	% re-offending with property- related offense	% re-offending with other delinquent offense

Analysis Considerations

Simple vs. Complex

Analysis Tools

Diversity of measures

Expected change

Subgroups

Evaluation Outcome Tracker

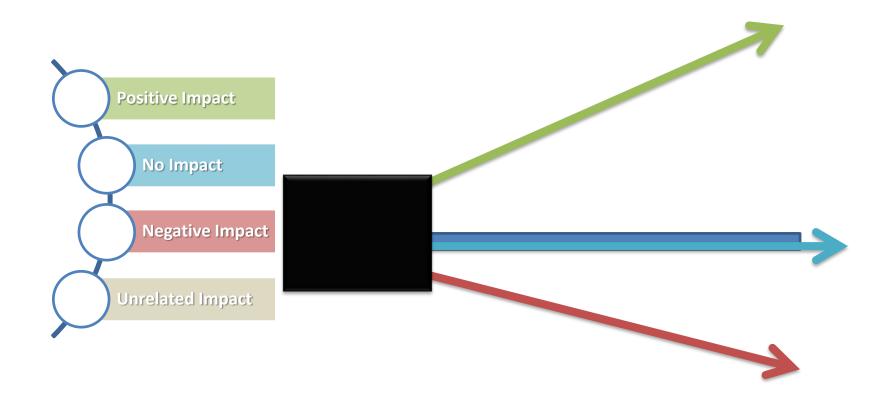
Program Name: ART

Outcome Evaluation Begin Date: 9/1/22017
Evaluation Team Members: Cyndy

Glenn Jocelyn

Outcome	Cohort	Data Source	Measurement Method	Evaluation Completion Date*	Evaluator(s)	Barriers/Challenges	Result	Comments
1. ART - At least 75% of	Cohort 1	Pre-Test Post-	Measurement Tool	11/20/2017	Glenn	Small cohort size coupled	Minimal Change	Will work to seek additional
participants will have		Test				with less data than		appropriate referrals to
significant						anticipated makes it		program. Will work to
improvements in						difficult to determine		gather additional, more
parent- and teacher-						potential impact		promising data such as
reported scores on the								satisfactory surveys or
Social Skills Rating								perceived outcomes.
System (SSRS)								
2								
3								
4								
5								
6								
7								
8								
9								
10								

Impact



Example 1

Parents Anonymous

Goal: Strengthen families to reduce child maltreatment.

Activity: Support Groups co-led by professionally Trained facilitator and trained parent.

Methodology:

3 Structured interviews
Developed using published scales

1st – As quickly as possible after initial meeting

2nd – One month after the first interview

3rd – Six months after the first interview

	Short Term (1 month)	Long Term (6 months)
Child Maltreatment Outcomes		
Parenting Distress	✓	✓
Parenting Rigidity	✓	✓
Psychological Aggression	✓	✓
Physical Aggression	+	+
Risk Factors		
Life Stress	✓	✓
Parental Stress	+	+
Intimate Partner Emotional Violence	+	✓
Intimate Partner Physical Violence	+	+
Alcohol Abuse	✓	✓
Drug Abuse	+	✓
Protective Factors		
Quality of Life	✓	+
Social Support - Emot & Instrum	+	+
Social Support - General	+	+
Parenting Sense of Competence		
Nonviolent Discipline Tactics		
Family Functioning		

The Take Away

- Fidelity
- Trained Staff
- Reliable and Validated Scales
- Process Evaluation

Example 2

Juvenile Drug Courts

Ineffective	Effective
Ada County, Idaho	Lane County, Oregon
Clackamas County, Oregon	Jefferson County, Ohio
Lucas County, Ohio	
Medina County, Ohio	
Rhode Island	
San Diego County, California	
Santa Clara County California	

Highly Effective

FINDINGS - PHOENIX PROGRAM

CPC-DC: RA SECTIONS	SCORE	RATING
Leadership, Staff, and Support	78.6%	Highly Effective
Quality Assurance	25.0%	Ineffective
Offender Assessment	75.0%	Highly Effective
Treatment	75.0%	Highly Effective
Overall Capacity	66.7%	Highly Effective
Overall Content	75.0%	Highly Effective
Overall Score	72.0%	Highly Effective

The Take Away

- Fidelity
- Sufficient Funding
- Appropriate Staff
- Dynamic Risk Factor Focus
- Cognitive-Behavioral Approaches

Ineffective

FINDINGS - DRUG COURT

CPC-DC SECTIONS	SCORE	RATING
Development, Coordination, Staff and Support	77.8%	Highly Effective
Quality Assurance	0.0%	Ineffective
Offender Assessment	33.3%	Ineffective
Treatment	50.0%	Needs Improvement
Overall Capacity	43.8%	Ineffective
Overall Content	44.4%	Ineffective
Overall Score	44.2%	Ineffective

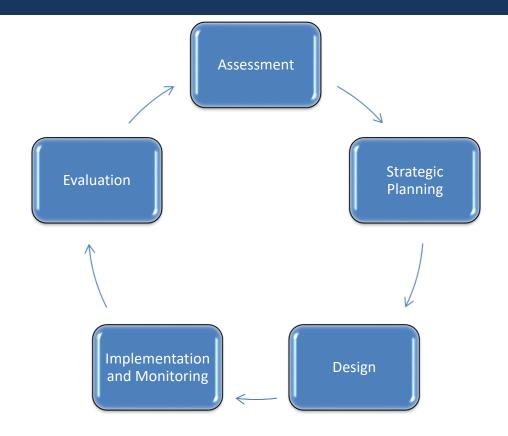
The Take Away

- Youth Responsivity
- Target Population
- Mix of Treatment Modalities
- Evaluation and Review

Learning from Outcomes

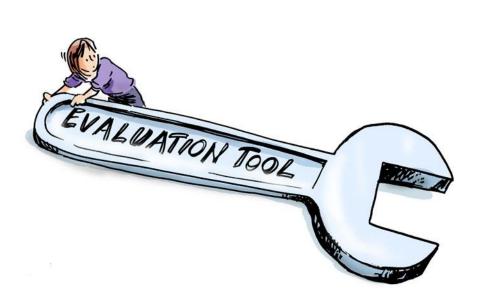
- Do our short-term outcomes (successful completion) lead to long-term success (reduced recidivism)?
- Do those successfully completing the program differ significantly than those who are unsuccessful?
- Who is recidivating and with what offenses?
- Within what time-period is the recidivism occurring?

Evaluation Cycle



Health-genderviolence.org

Any Questions?







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Evaluation Resources

- Standardized Program Evaluation Protocol (SPEP)
 - Provider services compared to effective programs
 - Characteristics (service type, dosage, quality, risk)
 - http://www.episcenter.psu.edu/juvenile/spep
- Evidence-Based Correctional Program Checklist
 - Capacity (leadership, staff, quality assurance)
 - Content (risk, need, responsivity, treatment principles)
 - https://www.uc.edu/corrections/services/program_ev aluation.html

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